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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF MONTANA
BILLINGS DIVISION

BLOSSOM OLD BULL, Personal)	
Representative of the Estate of Braven)	CV-22-109-BLG-KLD
Glenn,)	
)	FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT
Plaintiff,)	
)	
v.)	
)	
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA and DOES 1-)	
10,)	
)	
Defendants.)	

INTRODUCTION

1. Blossom Old Bull is an enrolled tribal member of the Lower Brule Indian Tribe and a citizen of the State of Montana. She is the surviving mother and personal representative of the Estate of Braven Glenn, who died in a vehicle crash on November 24, 2020, when Crow police pursued him at high speeds.

2. This Court has jurisdiction over this cause of action pursuant to the Federal

Tort Claims Act, 28 U.S.C. 2671, *et seq.*, because the claim arises from conduct of federal government agents and Plaintiff has exhausted administrative remedies.

3. This Court has exclusive jurisdiction over tort claims brought against the United States pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1346(b).

4. This Court also has subject matter jurisdiction over claims specified in this Complaint pursuant to 42 USC §1983, 28 USC §1331, 28 USC §1343, and 42 USC §1988. Plaintiff also seeks redress for violations of protections afforded under the Montana Constitution.

5. Plaintiff filed Federal Tort Claim Act claims on March 23, 2022. The government has denied the claims, therefore Plaintiff's claims are now ripe for adjudication.

6. Jurisdiction for state law claims against all Defendants pursuant to the law of the State of Montana is conferred upon this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1367.

7. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(e) and 1402(b), and LR 3.2. Big Horn County is located in the Billings Division of the United States District Court for the District of Montana. The events giving rise to the claims in this case occurred in this judicial district.

8. Plaintiff Blossom Old Bull is the Personal Representative of the Estate of Braven Glenn and is a citizen of the State of Montana and a resident of Crow Agency, Montana.

9. Defendants Does 1-10 are individuals whose true identities and capacities are as yet unknown to Plaintiff and her counsel, despite diligent inquiry and investigation, and who acted herein as described more particularly below in connection with the breaches of duties and/or violations of law alleged here and who in some manner or form not currently discovered or known to Plaintiff may have contributed to or be responsible for the injuries alleged here. The true names and capacities of the Doe Defendants will be substituted as they become known. It is unknown to Plaintiff if Defendants Does 1-10 hold a Special Law Enforcement Commission from the Bureau of Indian Affairs and whether they are considered “investigative or law enforcement officers” under 28 USC §2680(h), thus Plaintiff has brought claims here against Defendant Does 1-10 individually as well as the United States.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

10. On November 24, 2020, Braven Glenn, 17-year-old son of Blossom Old Bull, died in a motor vehicle crash while being pursued at high speeds by tribal police on the Crow Indian Reservation in Montana.

11. The police pursued Braven Glenn at excessive, unwarranted, and unsafe rates of speed.
12. Bureau of Indian Affairs law enforcement personnel were aware of the pursuit as well as the lack of training and qualifications of the tribal police, but did not intervene to stop the pursuit.
13. Braven Glenn's vehicle left the roadway and crashed into a moving train that was on the tracks adjacent to the roadway.
14. Braven was ejected from the vehicle.
15. Bureau of Indian Affairs law enforcement personnel followed the pursuit and were at the crash site before Braven died.
16. Bureau of Indian Affairs law enforcement personnel called for an ambulance to respond to the crash site.
17. Bureau of Indian Affairs law enforcement personnel rescinded the request for an ambulance.
18. Around 10:00 pm on November 24, 2020, BIA Officer Jose Figueroa Jr. came to Blossom Old Bull's home and informed Keenan Roth, Braven's brother, that BIA officers had "clocked" Braven driving in excess of the speed limit and initiated a car chase that at times exceeded 90 miles per hour.
19. On Braven's death certificate, the time of injury is 18:57pm.

20. Officer Figueroa told Blossom's family that Braven drove head on into a train and his vehicle caught on fire.

21. The officer told the family there was another person involved in the crash named Emmett "Trey" Old Bull III, and that Braven's body had been taken to the Bullis Mortuary in Hardin.

22. On November 25, 2020, Blossom went to the Bullis Mortuary at 10:00 am. Terry Bullis told Blossom that Braven had been chased by the police and collided with a train in Benteen, Montana, and that, "The vehicle was dragged by the train for a mile and was derailed and caught on fire."

23. Terry Bullis' spouse told Blossom that Braven had been ejected from the vehicle before the vehicle caught on fire, and that, "His body was okay because he was ejected from the vehicle."

24. Blossom was not allowed to see Braven's body, which had been transported to Missoula for an autopsy.

25. Braven had survived the crash and had been ejected from the vehicle, but the police, including tribal and BIA officers, did not provide any medical attention to Braven, and prevented other people from providing medical attention to Braven.

26. Braven had screamed and cried out for help for 30 minutes after the crash, but that the police, including tribal and BIA officers, prevented people from approaching or helping Braven.

27. On January 27, 2021, Blossom received a call from Daryl Nordquist, the Big Horn County Coroner, who told Blossom that he had Braven's toxicology report.

28. Nordquist told Blossom that Braven's BAC was .142 and stated that this was "twice the legal limit." Nordquist also told Blossom that Braven had THC level of 8.5 +- -1.1.

29. On March 25, 2021, Big Horn County Ambulance Director Daniele O'Banion told Blossom's family that the BIA had called dispatch for an ambulance for Braven, but then cancelled the ambulance.

30. This suit seeks money damages as compensation for the injuries and death that were caused by the negligent and wrongful acts and omissions of employees of the United States Government acting within the scope of their office and employment, under circumstances where the United States, if a private person, would be liable in accordance with the laws of the State of Montana, as well as the negligent and wrongful acts of Defendant Does 1-10.

31. The United State is liable for the actions and conduct of its agents, including Defendant Does, as alleged in this Complaint, as they were acting within the course and scope of their employment as tribal police officers.

32. Defendant Does' employer is liable for their actions as alleged in this Complaint, as they were acting in the course and scope of their employment.

33. While acting under the color of state law, Does and agents of Defendant United States subjected Braven Glenn to deprivation of rights, privileges, or immunities secured by the United States Constitution.

34. Does and agents of Defendant United States acted with deliberate indifference to the substantial risk of serious harm to Braven Glenn.

35. The acts of Defendant Does and the acts of the agents of Defendant United States shock the conscience and offend the community's sense of fair play and decency, and resulted in harm to Braven Glenn.

36. At all times pertinent, Defendants were subject to a duty of care under law to protect Braven Glenn's constitutional, statutory, and common law rights. Defendants and their agents breached the applicable standards of care, including negligent violation of Braven Glenn's constitutional, statutory, and common law rights, and negligent performance of official duties.

37. The conduct of Defendant Does and the conduct of the agents of Defendant United States caused the wrongful death of Braven Glenn.

COUNT 1
42 USC § 1983
INDIVIDUAL LIABILITY
(Does 1-10)

38. Plaintiff hereby incorporates all previous paragraphs.

39. At all times in which they interacted with Braven Glenn on or about November 24, 2020, Defendant Does acted under color of law, statutes, ordinances, rules, regulations, customs, policies, practices, and/or usages of the Crow Tribal Police and/or BIA law enforcement.

40. At all times in which they interacted with Braven Glenn on or about November 24, 2020, Defendant Does acted within the course and scope of their employment.

41. Defendant Does, while acting under color of law, deprived Braven Glenn of his civil rights under the Fourth Amendment.

42. Defendant Does, while acting under color of law, deprived Braven Glenn of his civil rights under the Fourteenth Amendment to due process of law.

43. The acts and omissions of Defendant Does as described above, while carried out under color of law, have no justification or excuse in law, and instead constitute a gross abuse of governmental authority and power, shock the

conscience, are fundamentally unfair, arbitrary and oppressive, and unrelated to any activity in which governmental officers may appropriately and legally undertake in the course of protecting persons or property, or ensuring civil order. The above acts and omissions were consciously chosen from among various alternatives.

44. Each of the foregoing acts and/or omissions in this Count directly and proximately caused or contributed to Braven Glenn's constitutional deprivations, injuries, and damages. Braven Glenn suffered great mental and physical pain and wrongful death, and he sustained damages in a sum to be determined at trial.

COUNT 2
42 USC § 1983
ENTITY LIABILITY
(Does 1-10)

45. Plaintiff hereby incorporates all previous paragraphs.

46. The Crow Tribal Police and/or BIA law enforcement established policies, customs, and practices that caused the violation of Braven Glenn's rights under the United States Constitution.

47. The policies, customs, and practices implicitly or explicitly adopted by the Crow Tribal Police amounted to deliberate indifference to and conscious

disregard of Braven Glenn's constitutional rights and ratification of violation of those rights.

48. Defendant Does were not properly trained or supervised, and these failures to train and supervise Defendant Does were the moving force behind these constitutional violations.

49. These constitutional violations were acts of official governmental policies.

50. Each of the foregoing acts and/or omissions in this Count directly and proximately caused or contributed to Braven Glenn's constitutional deprivations, injuries, and damages. Braven Glenn suffered great mental and physical pain and wrongful death, and he sustained damages in a sum to be determined at trial.

COUNT 3
MONTANA CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS
(Does 1-10)

51. Plaintiff hereby incorporates all previous paragraphs.

52. Pursuant to the Montana Constitution, *see Dorwart v. Caraway*, 58 P.3d 128 (Mont. 2002), Braven Glenn had the fundamental, inalienable, and self-executing rights to individual privacy; to be secure in his person, papers, home, and effects from unreasonable searches and seizures; and not to be deprived of life, liberty, or property without due process of law.

53. Defendants' acts and omissions related to the incident involving Braven Glenn on November 24, 2020, violated Braven Glenn's constitutional rights.

54. Braven Glenn had the right to seek recourse against those who violated his constitutional rights, and Plaintiff is pursuing recourse on his behalf.

55. Each of the foregoing acts and/or omissions in this Count directly and proximately caused or contributed to Braven Glenn's constitutional deprivations, injuries, and damages, and Braven Glenn is entitled to compensatory damages and attorneys' fees for Defendants' violations of his state constitutional rights.

COUNT 4
NEGLIGENCE
(United States and Does)

56. Plaintiff hereby incorporates all previous paragraphs.

57. At all times in which they interacted with Braven Glenn on or about November 24, 2020, Defendant Does acted within the course and scope of their employment.

58. At all times pertinent to this Complaint, Defendant Does were subject to a duty of care under state law in the exercise of the police function to protect Braven Glenn's constitutional, statutory, and common law rights. The conduct of Defendants as set forth in this Complaint does not comply with the standard of care, and included negligent pursuit; negligent failure to intervene; negligent

training, supervision and discipline of law enforcement officers; negligent enactment, enforcement, and violation of law enforcement policies and procedures; negligent violation of Braven Glenn's constitutional, statutory, and common law rights; and negligent performance of official duties.

59. Defendant Does, including agents of the United States, negligently failed to provide necessary and timely medical aid to Braven Glenn.

60. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' negligence, Braven Glenn suffered injuries and death.

COMPENSATORY DAMAGES

61. As a direct result of Defendants' unlawful conduct, Braven Glenn suffered violations of his constitutional rights as set forth above.

62. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' unlawful conduct, Braven Glenn suffered physical and emotional pain and injuries and death.

63. Plaintiff should receive lawful damages under Montana's survival statute, MCA § 27-1-501, and wrongful death statute, MCA § 27-1-513, as follows:

- A. For the wrongful death of Braven Glenn and the loss of economic and family support, expected future earnings, as well as the companionship, affection, society, consortium, comfort, and services he provided to his family;

- B. For Braven Glenn's mental anguish, pain, and suffering before he died;
- C. For Braven Glenn's funeral and burial costs.

ATTORNEYS' FEES

64. Pursuant to 42 USC § 1988, the Court may allow an award of attorneys' fees to Plaintiff if she prevails on claims asserted under 42 USC § 1983.

65. Plaintiff is entitled to recover reasonable attorneys' fees for violations of state constitutional rights under Montana's private attorney general doctrine.

RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests this Court to grant the following relief:

1. For damages in a reasonable amount to compensate Plaintiff fully for deprivation of Braven Glenn's constitutional rights;
2. For damages in a reasonable amount to compensate Plaintiff fully for Braven Glenn's injuries and death;
3. For attorneys' fees pursuant to 42 USC §1988;
4. For reimbursement of costs and expenses of suit; and
5. For such further relief as the Court deems fair and just.

Dated this 13th day of December, 2022.

/s/Timothy M. Bechtold
BECHTOLD LAW FIRM

Attorneys for Plaintiff